



Elongated Mustard

Brassica elongata

- Annual, Biennial, or as a simple Perennial
- Grows 3 ft tall
- Tolerates wide range of growing conditions
- Blooms mid summer
- Seeds disperse by wind and become sticky when wet

Cache County Vegetation

Management Division

435-755-1562

jake.forsgren@cachecounty.gov

Suggested Control Methods for Elongated Mustard

Mechanical & Cultural Methods

Hand-Pulling/Digging: Best for small infestations; pull plants (especially in spring) with roots intact before they flower. For mature plants, pull carefully and bag, or cut near the base and destroy.

Cutting/Mowing: Cut stalks when elongated but before flowers open, or mow repeatedly to prevent seeding. Cut plants can still produce seeds, so follow up or bag them.

Prevent Spread: Clean equipment, vehicles, and boots after visiting infested areas.

Chemical Control (Herbicides)

Timing is Key: Apply herbicides when plants are actively growing in the rosette/bolting stage (spring/early summer). Late fall/early spring application on rosettes can avoid non-target damage.

Effective Herbicides:

Chlorsulfuron or Metsulfuron-methyl: Effective, but apply with surfactant.

Glyphosate- Can be used on individual plants in fall/early spring.

Triclopyr + 2,4-D- Good for broadleaf control without harming grasses.

Application: Spot treat with a spray gun or use broadcast spraying for larger areas, ensuring adequate surfactant.

Integrated Management

Monitor: Regularly check for new growth to catch infestations early.

Destroy Cut Material: Bag, burn, or bury cut plants to prevent seeds from ripening.

Cover Crops/Tillage: Use dense cover crops or selective tillage to outcompete.